

Limites de fonctions

2.4.1 a) b, b, b ; b) b, b, b ; c) $b, f(a), -$; d) $b, c, -$.

2.4.2

$$\text{a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (4x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1) = 4 - 2 + 1 - 1 = 2$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} (x^2 - 5x) = 4 + 10 = 14$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + 3x^2}{x + 1} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (-5) = -5$$

$$\text{e) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \sqrt{x^2 - 5} = \sqrt{9 - 5} = 2$$

$$\text{f) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^3 + x^2 + x} = \frac{1 + 2 + 1}{1 + 1 + 1} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\text{g) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos(\pi) = -1$$

$$\text{h) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x) + 1}{2 - \tan(x)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

2.4.3

$$\text{a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x - 3}{2x - 6} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x - 3}{2(x - 3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{100x^2}{x} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{100x}{1} = 0$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x - 2)(x + 1)}{(x + 4)(x - 2)} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x + 1}{x + 4} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x - 1)(x + 1)}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + 1}{1} = 2$$

$$\text{e) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x^2 + 8x + 15} = \frac{20}{80} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\text{f) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2 - 4x}{x^2 - 16} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x(x - 4)}{(x - 4)(x + 4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x}{x + 4} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{g) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - x}{x^3 - 4x^2 - 7x + 10} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x(x - 1)}{x(x^2 - 3x - 10)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x}{x^2 - 3x - 10} = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$1 \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -4 & -7 & 10 \\ & 1 & -3 & -10 \\ \hline 1 & -3 & -10 & 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$h) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 3x - 4} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(2x^2 - x - 1)}{(x+4)(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2 - x - 1}{x+4} = \frac{0}{5} = 0$$

$$1 \left| \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & -3 & 0 & 1 & \\ & 2 & -1 & -1 & \\ \hline 2 & -1 & -1 & & 0 \end{array} \right.$$

2.4.4

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 16} \frac{x-16}{\sqrt{x}-4} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 16} \frac{x-16}{\sqrt{x}-4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+4}{\sqrt{x}+4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 16} \frac{(x-16)(\sqrt{x}+4)}{x-16} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 16} (\sqrt{x}+4) = 8$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{\sqrt{x}-5}{x-25} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{\sqrt{x}-5}{(\sqrt{x}-5)(\sqrt{x}+5)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+5} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$c) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - \sqrt{16+h}}{h} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(4 - \sqrt{16+h})(4 + \sqrt{16+h})}{h(4 + \sqrt{16+h})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(4 + \sqrt{16+h})}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{4 + \sqrt{16+h}} = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}-1} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(\sqrt{x^2+1}+1)}{(\sqrt{x^2+1}-1)(\sqrt{x^2+1}+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(\sqrt{x^2+1}+1)}{x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sqrt{x^2+1}+1) = 2$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x-5}{\sqrt{2x-1}-3} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{(x-5)(\sqrt{2x-1}+3)}{(\sqrt{2x-1}-3)(\sqrt{2x-1}+3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{(x-5)(\sqrt{2x-1}+3)}{2x-10}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{(x-5)(\sqrt{2x-1}+3)}{2(x-5)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{\sqrt{2x-1}+3}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$f) \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \frac{1 + \sqrt{t-2}}{t} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$g) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2x-1}} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2x-1})}{(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2x-1})(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2x-1})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2x-1})}{-(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2x-1}}{-1} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{-1} = -2\sqrt{3}$$

$$h) \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x + \sqrt{x+6}}{x + \sqrt{2-x}} \stackrel{\frac{0}{0} \text{ fi}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x + \sqrt{x+6})(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{(x + \sqrt{2-x})(x - \sqrt{2-x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x + \sqrt{x+6})(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{x^2 + x - 2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x + \sqrt{x+6})(x - \sqrt{x+6})(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{(x+2)(x-1)(x - \sqrt{x+6})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x^2 - x - 6)(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{(x+2)(x-1)(x - \sqrt{x+6})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x-3)(x+2)(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{(x+2)(x-1)(x - \sqrt{x+6})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x-3)(x - \sqrt{2-x})}{(x-1)(x - \sqrt{x+6})} = \frac{20}{12} = \frac{5}{3}$$